

SHOCK - LIQUID

1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

SHOCK

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Chlorination of swimming pools / spas

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Clean All CNY LLC 838 Erie Blvd. West Syracuse NY 13204 Telephone 315-472-9189 Email <u>bradner@cleanallcny.com</u>

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Skin corrosion (Category 1B), H314 Serious eye damage (Category 1), H318 Acute aquatic toxicity (Category 1), H400 Chronic aquatic toxicity (Category 1), H410

2.2. Label elements

GHS-US labelling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US)





Signal Word: DANGER

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substance

Formula: NaOCL		
Component	CAS#	%
Sodium Hypochlorite	7681-52-9	12.5 – 14.0
Sodium Hydroxide	1310-73-2	.10 – 4.25

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General advice

Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Move out of dangerous area.

If inhaled

If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.

In case of skin contact

Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a physician.

In case of eye contact

Continue rinsing eyes during transport to hospital. Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician.

If swallowed

Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Water fog. Foam. Dry Chemical Powder. Carbon Dioxide (CO2). Do not use water jet, as this will spread fire. DO NOT use dry extinguishing media that contains ammonium compounds.

5.2 Special Hazards

Hydrogen chloride gas, Sodium oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures



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6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear respiratory protection. Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas.

For personal protection see section 8.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

6.3. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material and dispose of as hazardous waste. Do not flush with water. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid inhalation of vapor or mist.

For precautions see section 2.2.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Never allow product to get in contact with water during storage. Do not store near acids.

Recommended storage temperature 2 -8 °C

Storage class (TRGS 510): Non-combustible, corrosive hazardous materials

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control Parameters

SUBSTANCE	CAS#	PEL	STEL	CEILING
Sodium Hydroxide	1310-73-2	2 mg/m^3	2 mg/m^3	2 mg/m^3
Sodium Hypochlorite	7681-52-9		2 mg/m^3	



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8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Tightly fitting safety goggles. Face shield (8-inch minimum). Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

Skin protection

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

Full contact

Material: Nitrile rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0.11 mm Break through time: 480 min

Material tested: Dermatril® (KCL 740 / Aldrich Z677272, Size M)

Splash contact

Material: Nitrile rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0.11 mm Break through time: 480 min

Material tested: Dermatril® (KCL 740 / Aldrich Z677272, Size M)

data source: KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, phone +49 (0)6659 87300, e-mail sales@kcl.de, test method:

EN374

If used in solution, or mixed with other substances, and under conditions which differ from EN 374, contact the supplier of the CE approved gloves. This recommendation is advisory only and must be evaluated by an industrial hygienist and safety officer familiar with the specific situation of anticipated use by our customers. It should not be construed as offering an approval for any specific use scenario.

Body Protection

Complete suit protecting against chemicals, The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

Respiratory protection

Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face respirator with multipurpose combination (US) or type ABEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

Control of environmental exposure

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Form: liquid

Melting point/freezing point -30 --20 °C (-22 --4 °F) Initial boiling point and boiling range 110 °C (230 °F)

Vapor pressure 12 mm Hg @ at 20 °C / 68 °F

Relative density 9.9 – 10.5 lbs / gallon



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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No data available

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available

10.4 Conditions to avoid

No data available

10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong acids, Organic materials, Powdered metals, Forms shock-sensitive mixtures with certain other materials., Amines, reacts violently with ammonium salts, aziridine, methanol, and phenyl acetonitrile, sometimes resulting in explosions. Reacts with primary aliphatic or aromatic amines to form explosively unstable n-chloramines. Reaction with formic acid becomes explosive at 55°C.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition

Other decomposition products-No data available In the event of fire: see section 5

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

No data available

Inhalation: No data available Dermal: No data available

No data available

Skin corrosion/irritation

No data available

Serious eye damage / eye irritation

No data available

Respiratory or skin sensitization

No data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available

Carcinogenicity

IARC: A4-Not classifiable as a human carcinogen (Sodium hypochlorite)3-Group 3: Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans (Sodium hypochlorite)

ACGIH: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a



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carcinogen or potential carcinogen by ACGIH.

NTP: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.

Reproductive toxicity

No data available

No data available

Specific target organ toxicity -single exposure

aquatic life with long lasting effects.

No data available

Specific target organ toxicity -repeated exposure

No data available

Aspiration hazard

No data available

Additional Information

RTECS: Not available

burning sensation, Cough, wheezing, laryngitis, Shortness of breath, spasm, inflammation and edema of the larynx, spasm, inflammation and edema of the bronchi, pneumonitis, pulmonary edema, Material is extremely destructive to tissue of the mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract, eyes, and skin.

ssue of the mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract, eyes, and skin.				
SECTION 12: Ecological information				
12.1. Toxicity				
No data available				
12.2 Persistence and degradability				
No data available				
12.3 Bioaccumulate potential				
No data available				
12.4 Mobility in soil				
No data available				
No data available				
12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment				
PBT/vPvB assessment not available as chemical safety assessment not required/not conducted				
12.6 Other adverse effects				

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An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal. Very toxic to



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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product

Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company. Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material. Dissolve or mix the material with a combustible solvent and burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber.

Contaminated packaging

Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14: Transport information

DOT (US)

UN1791, HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION, 8, PG III

Reportable Quantity (RQ): 667lbs

1 GALLON CONTAINERS (4/1 PER CASE) CONSIDERED ORM-D

IMDG

UN1791, HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION, 8, PG III

Marine pollutant: yes

IATA

UN1791, HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION, 8, PG III

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

SARA 302 Components

No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.

SARA 313 Components

This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

SARA 311/312 Hazards

Acute Health Hazard

Massachusetts Right To Know Components

Sodium hypochlorite CAS-No. 7681-52-9 Revision Date 2007-03-01

Pennsylvania Right To Know Components

Sodium hypochlorite 7681-52-9 2007-03-01

New Jersey Right To Know Components

Sodium hypochlorite 7681-52-9 2007-03-01

California Prop. 65 Components

This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.



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SECTION 16: Other information

Containers of this material may be hazardous when emptied; since emptied containers retain product residues (vapors, liquid, and/or solid), all hazard precautions given in this datasheet must be observed.

All toxicity and transportation data was composed through component analysis.

THE INFORMATIONACCUMULATED HEREIN IS BELIEVED TO BE ACCURATE BUT IS NOT WARRANTED TO BE WHETHER ORIGINATING WITH THE COMPANY OR NOT. RECIPIENTS ARE ADVISED TO CONFIRM IN ADVANCE OF NEED THAT THE INFORMATION IS CURRENT, APPLICABLE, AND SUITABLE TO THEIR CIRCUMSTANCES. ANY MATERIAL SUPPLIED IS THE SOLE RESPOSIBILTYOF THE USER. ALL MATERIALS MAY PRESENT UNKNOWN HEALTH HAZARDS AND WE CAN NOT GURANTEE THAT THE HAZARDS LISTED HEREIN ARE THE ONLY HAZARDS THAT EXIST.